NOT FOR PUBLICATION

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Criminal Action No. 98-00092 (SDW)

v.

WHEREAS OPINION

CHRISTIAN VELEZ,

July 17, 2023

Defendant.

THIS MATTER having come before this Court upon Defendant Christian Velez's ("Defendant") Motion for Temporary Modification of Restitution Order, (D.E. 47), filed on April 18, 2023; and

WHEREAS at sentencing, Defendant was ordered to pay restitution of \$12,750.00, and has since participated in the Federal Bureau of Prisons Inmate Financial Responsibility Program ("IFRP"). (*Id.* at 1.) Defendant requests that this Court issue an amended Restitution Order suspending payment until Defendant is released to a halfway house in December and thereafter secures employment and housing, so that Defendant may save money in anticipation of his release. (*Id.*); and

WHEREAS the Government opposes Defendant's Motion on procedural grounds because Defendant has not exhausted administrative remedies with the Bureau of Prisons ("BOP"), which controls and administers the IFRP, thus the matter is not properly before this Court. (D.E. 50 at 1–2.); and

WHEREAS "[t]he IFRP is meant to 'encourage[] each sentenced inmate to meet his or her legitimate financial obligations," *McGee v. Martinez*, 627 F.3d 933, 936 (3d Cir. 2010)

quoting 28 C.F.R. § 545.10)), and is "therefore part of the Bureau's means of 'executing' the

sentence," id. Importantly, "[c]ourts are not authorized to override the [BOP's] discretion about

such matters," and "[p]risoners dissatisfied with a warden's administration of the [IFRP] may

appeal within the [BOP]." United States v. Sawyer, 521 F.3d 792, 794 (7th Cir. 2008) (citing 28

C.F.R. §545.11(d)); and

WHEREAS here, Defendant does not indicate that he has pursued and exhausted all

available administrative remedies with the BOP. (See D.E. 47.) Further, even if Defendant had

indicated that he exhausted the available administrative remedies, this Court would not be the

proper Court to address Defendant's appeal of administrative decisions concerning the IFRP. See

United States v. Fenton, 577 F. Supp. 2d 458, 459 (D. Me. 2008) (discussing an appeal of an

administrative decision made by the BOP concerning the IFRP and noting that "such a challenge

must be brought as a habeas petition pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2241 in the district in which the

defendant is incarcerated"); therefore

Defendant's Motion for Temporary Modification of Restitution Order, (D.E. 47), is

DENIED. An appropriate order follows.

/s/ Susan D. Wigenton

United States District Judge

Orig:

Clerk Parties

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